

Elliptic filter - bandpass and bandstop case

In a sequel, we design an elliptic filter for both bandpass and bandstop cases. In this case a ellipband function is used, it has the following arguments: integer filter order, string or integer filter type ("pass"=0, or "stop"=1), both upper and lower passband edges in Hz, passband ripple, stopband attenuation and sampling rate in Hz. We design a bandpass case first with a order of 6, lower passband edge at 600Hz, upper passband edge at 1200Hz, passband ripple at 1 dB, attenuation in stopband equal to 80dB and a sampling frequency at 3000Hz.

```

Ellippass:=ellipband(6 , "pass" , 600 , 1200 , 1 , 80 , 3000) Filter design
A1:=col2vec(Ellippass , 1) Denominator coefficients
B1:=col2vec(Ellippass , 0) Numerator coefficients
Fpass:=iirfreqres(A1 , B1 , 128 , 1) Frequency response of the designed filter
fre:=ynodes(z , 0 , 1-1/128 , 128) Frequency axis
Fpassg:=join mat cols(1500 fre , 20 log10(fabs(Fpass))) Graph of the bandpass filter

```

Amplitude response of designed bandpass



Bandstop case

Next, we design a bandstop filter of order 6, lower passband edge at 600Hz, upper passband edge at 1200Hz, passband ripple at 1dB, attenuation in stopband equal to 80dB and sampling frequency at 3000Hz.

```
Ellipstop := ellipband(6 , "stop" , 600 , 1200 , 1 , 80 , 3000) Filter design
```

```
A2 := col2vec(Ellipstop , 1)
```

```
B2 := col2vec(Ellipstop , 0)
```

```
Fstop := iirfreqres(A2 , B2 , 128 , 1)
```

```
Fstopg := join mat cols(1500 fre , 20 log10(fabs(Fstop))) Amplitude response of the designed elliptic bandstop filter
```

Amplitude response of the designed bandstop filter

